This profile provides a snapshot of the health and wellbeing of patients registered with Herstmonceux Health Centre. It is based on the 2017 JSNAA indicator scorecards where data is available at GP practice level. The 2017 JSNAA scorecards, and the area summaries for East Sussex CCGs and localities/communities of practice based on them, can be downloaded from www.eastsussexjsna.org.uk.

Herstmonceux Health Centre

Map showing Herstmonceux Health Centre
Herstmonceux Health Centre is in Hailsham & Polegate Locality in Eastbourne, Hailsham & Seaford CCG.

How to read this profile
The spine charts summarise how this GP practice compares to other East Sussex GP practices. A schematic explaining the chart elements is provided at the bottom of each page.

- The range of results for all GP practices is shown as a red bar and columns either side of the spine show the minimum and maximum values for GP practices in East Sussex.
- The two columns immediately to the right of the indicator (short) title show the underlying count and, calculated from this, the value for this GP practice.
- The value for this GP practice is plotted on the spine chart. For some indicators, for example where the local count is less than 5, data have been suppressed.
- The second to last column gives the East Sussex value and the last column indicates whether this GP practice has a significantly different value to East Sussex.
- Indicators are numbered and (M) at the end of the title denotes that data have been modelled to GP practices from other geographies. Full titles are given on pages 6-8.
### Herstmonceux Health Centre

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
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<th>East Sussex min value</th>
<th>East Sussex max value</th>
<th>Sig</th>
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<td>GP registered population aged 20-64 yrs (%), Oct 2015</td>
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<td>GP registered population aged 65+ yrs (%), Oct 2015</td>
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<td>1.11</td>
<td>Dependency ratio, Oct 2015</td>
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<td>1.12</td>
<td>Lone citizen person (aged 65+) households (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<td>1.13</td>
<td>Lone parent households (%), 2011 (M)</td>
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<td>1.14</td>
<td>Non-White British population (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4%</td>
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<td>8%</td>
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<td>1.15</td>
<td>Non-White British pupils (%), 2016 (M)</td>
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<td>5%</td>
<td>25%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.16</td>
<td>People of any religion other than Christianity (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
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<td>2.01</td>
<td>Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) (score), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
<td>14.37</td>
<td>7.39 Fr 43.84</td>
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<td>Income Deprivation (as a percentage), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>Children in low-income families (%), Aug 2014 (M)</td>
<td>12%</td>
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<td>IDOPI, older people in income deprivation (%), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>2.06</td>
<td>Households in fuel poverty (%), 2014 (M)</td>
<td>12%</td>
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<td>2.07</td>
<td>Pupils receiving the pupil premium (%), Jan 2016 (M)</td>
<td>13%</td>
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<td>2.08</td>
<td>Households w/ dependent children and no adults employed (%), 2011 (M)</td>
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<td>5%</td>
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<td>2.09</td>
<td>Employment Deprivation (as a percentage), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>2.10</td>
<td>Working age population claiming JSA and Universal Credit (%), Aug 2016 (M)</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>3.1% Fr 1.4%</td>
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<td>2.11</td>
<td>Working age population claiming ESA (%), Aug 2016 (M)</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>12.5% Fr 6.2%</td>
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<td>2.12</td>
<td>Households w/ no cars or vans (%), 2011 (M)</td>
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<td>6%</td>
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<td>Pupils with a statement of SEN or an EHCP (per 100,000)</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>90</td>
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<td>2.14</td>
<td>Pupils with SEN on SEN Support (per 100,000). Jan 2016 (M)</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>36</td>
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<td>2.15</td>
<td>Pupils with SEN on SEN Support (per 100,000). Jan 2016 (M)</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.16</td>
<td>People of any religion other than Christianity (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
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<td>2.17</td>
<td>Barriers to Housing and Services (score), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
<td>25.8</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>37.3 Fr 22.6</td>
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<td>2.18</td>
<td>Persons living in care homes with nursing (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>1.7% Fr 0.5%</td>
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<td>2.19</td>
<td>Persons living in care homes without nursing (%), 2011 (M)</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.2% Fr 2.3%</td>
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### Section 1: Population

- **No indicator** refers to the number of the indicator.
- **Value** represents the specific value for each indicator.
- **Sig** indicates whether the value is significantly higher or lower than East Sussex (95% confidence level).

### Section 2: Wider determinants of health and wellbeing

- **No indicator** refers to the number of the indicator.
- **Value** represents the specific value for each indicator.
- **Sig** indicates whether the value is significantly higher or lower than East Sussex (95% confidence level).

Note: In most instances where indicator data has been modelled only the value, not the count, is shown. See introduction to the JSNAA NHS view scorecards (http://www.eastsussexjsna.org.uk/scorecards).
### Section 2

**Note:** In most instances where indicator data has been modelled only the value, not the count, is shown. See introduction to the JSNAA NHS view scorecards (http://www.eastsussexjsna.org.uk/scorecards).

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<td>Recorded crimes (per 1,000 population), 2015/16 (M)</td>
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<td>Recorded incidents of ASB (per 1,000 population), 2015/16 (M)</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions for violence (SAR), 2013/14 to 2015/16</td>
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<td>Breastfeeding initiation (%), 2014/15</td>
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<td>26</td>
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<td>56%</td>
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<td>79%</td>
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<td>Breastfeeding prevalence at 6-8 w eks after birth (%), 2015/16 (M)</td>
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<td>68%</td>
<td>39%</td>
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<td>3.05</td>
<td>Excess weight in 4-5 year olds (%), 2012/13-2014/15 (M)</td>
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<td>20%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>25%</td>
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<td>3.06</td>
<td>Excess weight in 10-11 year olds (%), 2012/13-2014/15 (M)</td>
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<td>26%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>30%</td>
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<td>3.08</td>
<td>GP-reported prevalence of smoking aged 15+ (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>11%</td>
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### Section 3: Healthy lifestyles

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<td>3.18</td>
<td>Eligible aged 40-74 w ho rec'd an NHS Health Check (%), Apr 2013-Mar 2016</td>
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<td>539</td>
<td>47%</td>
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<td>84%</td>
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<td>3.19</td>
<td>Eligible w omen aged 25-64 screened for cervical cancer (%), at Mar 2015</td>
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<td>702</td>
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<td>63%</td>
<td>85%</td>
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<td>3.20</td>
<td>Eligible w omen aged 50-70 screened for breast cancer (%), at Mar 2015</td>
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<td>448</td>
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<td>46%</td>
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<td>3.21</td>
<td>Eligible people aged 65-69 screened for bowel cancer (%), at Mar 2016</td>
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<td>317</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>71%</td>
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<td>Children immunised for DTaP/IPV/Hib by age 1 (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>94%</td>
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<td>3.23</td>
<td>Children immunised for PCV by age 2 (%), Apr 2015 to Dec 2016</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>73%</td>
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<td>3.24</td>
<td>Children immunised for Hib/MenC by age 2 (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>67%</td>
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<td>93%</td>
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<td>3.25</td>
<td>Children immunised for MMR by age 2 (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>63%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>93%</td>
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<td>3.26</td>
<td>Children immunised for DTap/IPV/hib by age 5 (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>90%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>89%</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.27</td>
<td>Children immunised for MMR by age 5 (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>37</td>
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<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>89%</td>
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<td>3.28</td>
<td>65+ yr olds receiving seasonal flu vaccination (%), Sep 2015 to Jan 2016</td>
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<td>697</td>
<td>72%</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>78%</td>
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<td>65+ yr olds ever receiving a pneumococcal vaccination (%), at Mar 2016</td>
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<td>69%</td>
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<td>A&amp;E attendances for accidents/injuries in 0-4 yr olds (per 10,000), 2015/16</td>
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<td>18</td>
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<td>1981</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions accidents/injuries 0-4 yrs (per 10,000), 2013/14-2015/16</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions accidents/injuries 5-14 yrs (per 10,000), 2013/14-2015/16</td>
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<td>87</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions accidents/Injuries 15-24 yrs (per 10,000), 2013/14-2015/16</td>
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<td>3.38</td>
<td>Emergency admissions falls injuries in people aged 65+ (SAR), 2014/15-2015/16</td>
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<td>44</td>
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<td>70</td>
<td>133</td>
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<td>3.39</td>
<td>1-7 yr olds accessing E Sussex NHS gen dental services (%), 2015/16 (M)</td>
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<td>6%</td>
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<td>3.40</td>
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<td>57%</td>
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### Section 4

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<tr>
<td>4.01</td>
<td>People reporting that their health is bad or very bad (%), 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>5%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<td>People reporting an LLTI or disability (%) 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>19%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>20%</td>
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<td>Health and Disability Deprivation (score), from ID 2015 (M)</td>
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<td>-0.97</td>
<td>-1.50</td>
<td>0.91</td>
<td>-0.22</td>
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<td>Life expectancy at birth (yrs), 2013-15</td>
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<td>84.5</td>
<td>75.3</td>
<td>89.0</td>
<td>82.3</td>
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<td>4.05</td>
<td>Life expectancy at age 75 (yrs), 2013-15</td>
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<td>14.0</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>16.3</td>
<td>12.9</td>
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<td>Eligible people aged 75+ screened for falls prevention (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>94</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>58</td>
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<td>4.07</td>
<td>Eligible people aged 75+ screened for falls prevention (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>27</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>233</td>
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</table>

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### Herstmonceux Health Centre

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<th>E Sx value</th>
<th>Sig</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.08</td>
<td>Mortality from causes considered preventable (SMR), 2014-15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>210</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.10</td>
<td>GP reported incidence of depression in persons aged 18+, 2015/16</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
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<td>4.11</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of severe mental illness (%), 2015/16 (M)</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
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<td>4.12</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for mental &amp; behavioural disorders (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>370</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>4.13</td>
<td>Emergency admissions, people with SM (SAR), 2014/15 &amp; 2015/16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>100</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions relating to self-harm (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
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<td>54</td>
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<td>305</td>
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<td>4.15</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of dementia (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
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<td>4.16</td>
<td>Bactive admissions, people w ith dementia (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
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<td>478</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions, people with dementia (SAR), 2014/15 &amp; 2015/16</td>
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<td>4.3%</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
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<td>CAMHS caseload (per 1,000 aged 0-18 yrs), Mar 2016</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
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<td>4.19</td>
<td>Working-aged claiming ESA for MH problems (per 1,000), Feb 2016 (M)</td>
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<td>4.20</td>
<td>Adults in contact w. secondary MHS living independently (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>4.21</td>
<td>Mortality from suicide (SMR), 2012-15</td>
<td>41</td>
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<td>4.22</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of hypertension (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>571</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
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<td>26.3%</td>
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<td>4.23</td>
<td>GP reported versus expected prevalence of hypertension (ratio), 2014/15</td>
<td>670</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>67</td>
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<td>4.24</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of high blood pressure without CVD (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.25</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of CHD (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.26</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for CHD (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>192</td>
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<td>4.27</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for CHD per 1,000 on GP CHD registers, 2015/16</td>
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<td>139</td>
<td>55</td>
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<td>4.28</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of stroke or TIA (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.29</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for stroke, 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>177</td>
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<td>177</td>
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<td>Mortality from stroke (SAR), 2012-15</td>
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<td>4.31</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of atrial fibrillation (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>GP reported v expected prevalence of atrial fibrillation (ratio), 2014/15</td>
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<td>GP reported prevalence of heart failure (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>4.34</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of RD (%) , 2015/16</td>
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<td>0.7%</td>
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<td>4.35</td>
<td>Premature mortality from circulatory diseases (SMR), 2012-15</td>
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<td>4.36</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of cancer (%) , 2015/16</td>
<td>126</td>
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<td>4.37</td>
<td>Premature mortality from cancer (SAR), 2012-15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>49</td>
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<td>4.38</td>
<td>Premature mortality from asthma (%) , 2015/16</td>
<td>242</td>
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<td>8.5%</td>
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<td>4.39</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of asthma (%), 2015/16</td>
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<td>4.40</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for asthma (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>34</td>
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<td>63</td>
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<td>4.41</td>
<td>Premature mortality from respiratory diseases (SMR), 2012-15</td>
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<td>4.6%</td>
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<td>4.42</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of COPD (%) , 2015/16</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
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<td>4.43</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for COPD (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>18</td>
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<td>Emergency admissions for COPD per 1,000 on GP COPD registers, 2015/16</td>
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<td>74</td>
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<td>4.45</td>
<td>Mortality from COPD (SAR), 2012-15</td>
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<td>103</td>
<td>37</td>
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<td>Premature mortality from respiratory diseases (SMR), 2012-15</td>
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<td>4.47</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of diabetes aged 17+ (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>175</td>
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<td>3.0%</td>
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<td>6.3%</td>
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<td>4.48</td>
<td>Emergency admissions for diabetes (SAR), 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
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<td>424</td>
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<td>4.49</td>
<td>GP reported for diabetes per 1,000 on GP diabetes registers, 2015/16</td>
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<td>80</td>
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<td>4.50</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of epilepsy aged 18+ (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.51</td>
<td>Premature mortality from epilepsy (SAR), 2012-15</td>
<td>337</td>
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<td>316</td>
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<td>4.52</td>
<td>GP reported prevalence of CKD aged 18+ (%), 2015/16</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
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</table>

**Note:** In most instances where indicator data has been modelled only the value, not the count, is shown. See introduction to the JSNAA NHS view scorecards (http://www.eastsussexjsna.org.uk/scorecards).
### Section 4: Disease and poor health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>E Sx min value</th>
<th>E Sx max value</th>
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<td>4.63 GP reported prevalence of osteoporosis aged 50+ (%)</td>
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<td>0.4% 0.1%</td>
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<td>4.64 GP reported prevalence of rheumatoid arthritis aged 16+ (%)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.9% 0.2%</td>
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<td>4.65 GP reported prevalence of learning disabilities aged 18+ (%)</td>
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<td>0.2% 0.2%</td>
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<td>4.66 GP reported prevalence of palliative care needs (%)</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>0.6% 0.1%</td>
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<td>4.67 Emergency admissions for LRTIs in under 20s (SAR)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>116 39</td>
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<td>4.68 Emergency admissions for diabetes, epilepsy, asthma in &lt;20s (SAR)</td>
<td>2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>27</td>
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<td>4.69 Emergency admissions for chronic ACS conditions (SAR)</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>73 51</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.70 Emergency admissions for acute ACS conditions (SAR)</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>81 40</td>
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<td>4.71 Emergency admissions other &amp; vacc preventable ACS cond (SAR)</td>
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<td>66 44</td>
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<td>4.72 First outpatient attendances (SAR)</td>
<td>1141</td>
<td>80 64</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.73 Outpatient attendances where the patient did not attend (%)</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>6% 4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.74 All MIU and A&amp;E attendances (SAR)</td>
<td>734</td>
<td>73 67</td>
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<td>4.75 MIU and A&amp;E attendances for 0-4 yr olds (per 1,000)</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>288 238</td>
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<td>4.76 MIU and A&amp;E attendances for persons aged 15-29 (per 1,000)</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>224 199</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.77 MIU and A&amp;E attendances for persons aged 70+ (per 1,000)</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>331 265</td>
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<td>4.78 All elective admissions (SAR) 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>1063</td>
<td>94 75</td>
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<td>4.79 Elective admissions for persons aged 65+ (SAR)</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>272 201</td>
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<td>4.80 All emergency admissions (SAR) 2014/15 to 2015/16</td>
<td>548</td>
<td>83 70</td>
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<td>4.81 Emergency admissions for 70-84 yr olds (SAR)</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>172 134</td>
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<td>4.82 Emergency admissions for 85+ yr olds (SAR)</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>478 341</td>
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<td>5.01 Patients responding to the GP Patient Survey (%)</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>85% 26%</td>
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<td>5.02 Patients w/ experience of their GP surgery was good (%)</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>96% 60%</td>
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<td>5.03 Patients w/ experience of appointment was good (%)</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>85% 63%</td>
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<td>6.01 People providing one hour or more of unpaid care per week (%)</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.02 Unpaid carers providing 20 hours or more care per week (%)</td>
<td>26%</td>
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<td>6.03 Working age people claiming Carers Allowance (%)</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
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<td>6.04 Carers known to ASC (per 1,000 population) Dec 2014 to Nov 2015</td>
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<td>6.05 Carers known to ASC receiving a service (%) Dec 2014 to Nov 2015</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td>74%</td>
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<td>6.06 Carers received self-directed support (per 1,000 adults)</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.07 Referrals to children's social care (per 1,000 &lt;18s) Feb 2015-Jan 2016</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>6.08 Out of work because of ill health (%)</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
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<td>6.09 People providing unpaid care per week (%)</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>21%</td>
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<td>6.10 Requests for ASC support (per 1,000 aged 18+) Dec 2014 to Nov 2015</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>12</td>
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<td>6.11 Adults receiving direct payments (per 1,000) at 30 Jun 2016</td>
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<td>6.12 Adults receiving self-directed support (per 1,000) at 30 Jun 2016</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>6.14 Aged 65+ receiving Long Term Support (per 1,000) July 2015 to June 2016</td>
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<td>6.16 Aged receiving community equipment (per 1,000) 2015/16</td>
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<td>6.17 Aged receiving ASC funded home help or telecare (per 1,000) 2015/16</td>
<td>16</td>
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<td>6.18 Aged 65+ receiving community equipment (per 1,000)</td>
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<td>6.19 Aged 65+ receiving Long Term Care (per 1,000) Sept 2014-Aug 2015</td>
<td>380</td>
<td>123</td>
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</table>

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Indicator titles

Population

1.01 GP registered population estimates, all persons, October 2015 1.02 GP registered population estimates, percentage of persons aged 0-19 years, October 2015 1.03 GP registered population estimates, percentage of persons aged 20-64 years, October 2015 1.04 GP registered population estimates, percentage of persons aged 65 years and over, October 2015 1.05 GP registered population estimates, percentage of persons aged 85 years and over, October 2015 1.11 Dependency ratio of non-working age people (aged under 16 years and aged 65 years and over) to people of working age (16-64 years), October 2015 1.12 Percentage of households occupied by an older person (aged 65 years or over) living alone, 2011 (Modelled) 1.13 Percentage of lone parent households, 2011 (Modelled) 1.14 Estimated percentage of persons of any ethnicity other than White British, 2016 (Modelled) 1.15 Percentage of pupils of all ethnic groups other than White British, 2016 (Modelled) 1.16 Pupils with English as an additional language, rate per 1,000 pupils, resident-based, January 2016 (Modelled) 1.17 Percentage of people of any religion other than Christianity, 2011 (Modelled)

Wider determinants of health and wellbeing

2.01 Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015 (IMD 2015) score, from the Indices of Deprivation 2015 (ID 2015) (Modelled) 2.02 Income Deprivation Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.03 Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.04 Percentage of children aged under 16 years living in low-income families, as at 31 August 2014 (Modelled) 2.05 Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.06 Estimated percentage of households in fuel poverty 2014 (Modelled) 2.07 Percentage of pupils receiving the pupil premium, resident-based, January 2016 (Modelled) 2.08 Percentage of households with dependent children and no adults in employment, 2011 (Modelled) 2.09 Employment Deprivation Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.10 Percentage of working age people claiming Job Seekers Allowance (USA) and Universal Credit (UC), August 2016 (Modelled) 2.11 Percentage of working age people claiming Employment and Support Allowance, February 2016 (Modelled) 2.12 Percentage of households with no cars or vans, 2011 (Modelled) 2.13 Percentage of households who can access a GP practice within 15 minutes using public transport/walking, 2014 (Modelled) 2.14 Percentage of households who can access a Hospital within 30 minutes using public transport/walking, 2014 (Modelled) 2.15 Education, Skills and Training Deprivation Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.16 Percentage of pupils having reached a good level of development in the Early Years Foundation Stage (end of reception year for pupils aged 5), resident-based, June 2016 (Modelled) 2.17 Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard at Key Stage 2 (end of year 6 for pupils aged 11) achieving at least level 4 in Reading, Writing and Maths, resident based, June 2016 (Modelled) 2.18 The average GCSE attainment 8 score of pupils at Key Stage 4 (end of year 11 for pupils aged 16), resident-based, June 2016 (Modelled) 2.19 Percentage of the working age population with no or low qualifications, 2011 (Modelled) 2.20 Pupils with special educational needs (SEN) on SEN Support, rate per 1,000 pupils, resident-based, January 2016 (Modelled) 2.21 Pupils with a statement of special educational needs (SEN) or an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), rate per 1,000 pupils, resident-based, January 2016 (Modelled) 2.22 Young people aged 16 to 18 years who are not in employment, education or training (NEET), monthly average rate per 1,000, November 2015 to January 2016 (Modelled) 2.23 Barriers to Housing and Services Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.24 Living Environment Deprivation Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.25 Percentage of households that are overcrowded, 2011 (Modelled) 2.26 Percentage of households with no central heating, 2011 (Modelled) 2.27 Percentage of households which are owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan, 2011 (Modelled) 2.28 Percentage of socially rented households, 2011 (Modelled) 2.29 Percentage of privately rented households, 2011 (Modelled) 2.30 Percentage of persons living in care homes with nursing, 2011 (Modelled) 2.31 Percentage of persons living in care homes without nursing, 2011 (Modelled) 2.32 Crime Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled) 2.33 Total number of recorded crimes per 1,000 population, 2015/16 (Modelled) 2.34 Number of recorded incidents of Anti-Social Behaviour per 1,000 population, 2015/16 (Modelled) 2.35 A&E attendances between 8pm and 4am due to assaults, persons aged 15-59 years, rate per 1,000 population, 2013/14 to 2015/16 2.36 Emergency hospital admissions due to violence, age and sex standardised ratio, 2013/14 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

Healthy lifestyles

3.02 Percentage of mothers (of known breastfeeding status) initiating breastfeeding, 2014/15 3.03 Percentage of babies aged 6-8 weeks (of known breastfeeding status) that were fully or partially breastfed, 2015/16 (modelled) 3.05 Percentage of reception year children measured who were classified as overweight (including obese), 2012/13 to 2014/15 academic years (Modelled) 3.06 Percentage of year 6 children measured who were classified as overweight (including obese), 2012/13 to 2014/15 academic years (Modelled) 3.08 GP reported prevalence of obesity, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 2015/16 3.09 GP reported prevalence of smoking, percentage of persons aged 15 years and over, as at 31st March 2016 3.10 Smoking quitters (through NHS Stop Smoking Services) per 100,000 population aged 16 years and over, 2015/16 3.11 Percentage of mothers known to be smokers at the time of delivery, 2014/15 3.12 Young people aged 18-18 years in drug or alcohol treatment, rate per 10,000, 1st September 2014 - 31st August 2016 (Modelled) 3.13 Young people aged 0-18 years in drug or alcohol treatment, rate per 10,000, 1st April 2015 - 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 3.14 Adults aged 19 and over in alcohol treatment, rate per 10,000, 1st April 2015 - 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 3.15 Adults aged 19 and over in drug treatment, rate per 10,000, 1st April 2015 - 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 3.16 Pupils with English as an additional language, rate per 1,000 pupils, resident-based, January 2016 (Modelled) 3.17 Adults aged 19 and over in drug treatment, rate per 10,000, 1st April 2015 - 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 3.18 Percentage of eligible population aged 40-74 who received an NHS Health Check, April 2013 to March 2016 3.19 Percentage of eligible women aged 25-64 years who have been screened through the NHS cervical cancer screening programme within the last 3.5 years
for those aged 25-49, or the last 5 years for those aged 50-64, as at 31st March 2015

3.20 Percentage of eligible women aged 50-70 years who have been screened through the NHS breast cancer screening programme at least once in the last 3 years, as at 31st March 2015

3.21 Percentage of eligible people aged 60-69 who have been screened through the NHS bowel cancer screening programme in the last 2.5 years, as at 31st March 2015

3.22 Percentage of children who have been immunised for Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis and Haemophilus influenza type b (DTaP/IPV/Hib) by age 1, 2015/16

3.23 Percentage of children who have been immunised for pneumococcal infection (PCV) by age 2, April 2015 to December 2016

3.24 Percentage of children who have been immunised for Haemophilus influenza type b and meningitis C, (Hib/MenC) by age 2, 2015/16

3.25 Percentage of children who have been immunised for measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) by age 2, 2015/16

3.26 Percentage of children who have been immunised for Diphtheria, Tetanus, Polio, Pertussis and Haemophilus influenza type b (DTaP/IPV/Hib) by age 5, 2015/16

3.27 Percentage of children who have been immunised for measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) by age 5, 2015/16

3.28 Percentage of persons aged 65 years and over receiving seasonal flu vaccination, September 2015 to January 2016

3.29 Percentage of persons aged 65 years and over who have ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, as at 31 March 2016

3.30 A&E attendances due to accidents and injuries, persons aged 0-4 years, rate per 10,000 population, 2015/16

3.31 Emergency hospital admissions due to accidents and injuries in children aged 0-4 years, rate per 10,000 population, 2013/14 to 2015/16

3.32 Emergency hospital admissions due to accidents and injuries in children aged 5-14 years, rate per 10,000 population, 2013/14 to 2015/16

3.33 Emergency hospital admissions due to falls injuries for persons aged 65 years and over, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

3.34 Percentage of residents aged 0-17 years accessing East Sussex NHS general dental services, 2015/16 (Modelled)

3.35 Percentage of children who have been immunised for pneumococcal infection (PCV) by age 2, April 2015 to December 2016

3.36 Percentage of persons aged 65 years and over accessing East Sussex NHS general dental services, 2015/16 (Modelled)

### Disease and poor health

4.01 Percentage of people reporting that their health is bad or very bad, 2011 (Modelled)

4.02 Percentage of people reporting that they have a limiting long-term health problem or disability, 2011 (Modelled)

4.03 Health and Disability Deprivation Domain score, from the ID 2015 (Modelled)

4.04 Life expectancy (in years) at birth, 2013 to 2015

4.05 Life expectancy (in years) at age 75, 2013 to 2015

4.06 All-age all-cause mortality, age and sex standardised ratio, 2013 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.07 All-age mortality for persons aged 0-74 years, age and sex standardised ratio, 2013 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.08 Mortality from causes considered preventable, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.09 GP reported incidence of depression, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 2015/16

4.10 GP reported prevalence of mental health disorders, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.11 GP reported prevalence of mental health disorders, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.12 Emergency hospital admissions due to mental and behavioural disorders, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.13 Emergency hospital admissions for persons with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.14 Emergency hospital admissions relating to self-harm, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.15 GP reported prevalence of dementia, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.16 Elective hospital admissions for persons with dementia, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.17 Elective hospital admissions for persons with dementia, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.18 Emergency hospital admissions for persons with dementia, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.19 Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) caseload, rate per 1,000 population aged 0-18 years, as at 31 March 2016

4.20 Working age people claiming Employment and Support Allowance due to mental health problems, rate per 1,000 population, February 2016 (Modelled)

4.21 Percentage of adults in contact with secondary mental health services who live independently, with or without support, April 2015 - March 2016

4.22 Mortality from suicide and injury of undetermined intent, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.23 GP reported prevalence of hypertension, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.24 Ratio of GP reported (2014/15) versus expected (2014/15) hypertension prevalence

4.25 GP reported patients with hypertension but not established cardiovascular disease (CVD), rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.26 GP reported prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD), rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.27 Emergency hospital admissions due to coronary heart disease (CHD), age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.28 Emergency hospital admissions due to coronary heart disease (CHD), rate per 100 patients on a GP CHD register, 2015/16

4.29 GP reported prevalence of stroke or transient ischaemic attacks (TIA), rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.30 Emergency hospital admissions due to stroke, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100)

4.31 Mortality from stroke for all persons, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.32 GP reported prevalence of atrial fibrillation, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.33 Ratio of GP reported versus expected atrial fibrillation prevalence, 2013/14

4.34 GP reported prevalence of heart failure, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.35 GP reported prevalence of peripheral arterial disease (PAD), rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.36 Mortality from all circulatory diseases for persons aged 0-74 years, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.37 GP reported prevalence of cancer, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.38 Mortality from all cancers for persons aged 0-74 years, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.39 GP reported prevalence of asthma, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16

4.40 Mortality from respiratory diseases for persons aged 0-74 years, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100)

4.41 Life expectancy (in years) at age 75, 2013 to 2015

4.42 Life expectancy (in years) at birth, 2013 to 2015
Sussex = 100) 4.57 GP reported prevalence of diabetes, rate per 1,000 population aged 17 years and over, 2015/16 4.58 Emergency hospital admissions due to diabetes, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.59 Emergency hospital admissions due to diabetes for persons aged 15 years and over, rate per 1,000 patients aged 17 and over on a GP diabetes register, 2015/16 4.60 GP reported prevalence of epilepsy, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 2015/16 4.61 Mortality from liver disease for persons aged 0-74 years, age and sex standardised ratio, 2012 to 2015 (East Sussex = 100) 4.62 GP reported prevalence of chronic kidney disease (CKD), rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 2015/16 4.63 GP reported prevalence of osteoporosis, rate per 1,000 population aged 50 years and over, 2015/16 4.64 GP reported prevalence of rheumatoid arthritis, rate per 1,000 population aged 16 years and over, 2015/16 4.65 GP reported prevalence of learning disabilities, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 2015/16 4.66 GP reported prevalence of palliative care needs, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16 4.67 Emergency hospital admissions for lower respiratory tract infections in under 20s, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 and 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.68 Emergency hospital admissions for diabetes, epilepsy or asthma in under 20s, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.69 Emergency hospital admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.70 Emergency hospital admissions for acute ambulatory care sensitive conditions, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.71 Emergency hospital admissions for other and vaccine preventable ambulatory care sensitive conditions, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.72 First outpatient attendances, age and sex standardised ratio, 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.73 Percentage of outpatient appointments where the patient did not attend (DNA), 2015/16 4.74 Minor Injury Unit and A&E attendances, age and sex standardised ratio, 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.75 Minor Injury Unit and A&E attendances for persons aged 0-4 years, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16 4.76 Minor Injury Unit and A&E attendances for persons aged 15-29 years, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16 4.77 Minor Injury Unit and A&E attendances for persons aged 70 years and over, rate per 1,000 population, 2015/16 4.78 All elective hospital admissions, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.79 Elective hospital admissions for persons aged 65 years and over, rate per 1,000 population, 2014/15 to 2015/16 4.80 All emergency hospital admissions, age and sex standardised ratio, 2014/15 to 2015/16 (East Sussex = 100) 4.81 Emergency hospital admissions for persons aged 70-84 years, rate per 1,000 population, 2014/15 to 2015/16 4.82 Emergency hospital admissions for persons aged 85 years and over, rate per 1,000 population, 2014/15 to 2015/16

**GP patient survey**

5.01 Percentage of patients who responded to the GP Satisfaction Survey, 2015/16 5.02 Percentage of patients whose (overall) experience of their GP surgery was fairly or very good, 2015/16 5.03 Percentage of patients whose (overall) experience of making an appointment was fairly or very good, 2015/16 5.04 Percentage of patients satisfied with their GP surgery’s opening hours, 2015/16 5.05 Percentage of patients who said that their GP was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care, 2015/16 5.06 Percentage of patients who said that their nurse was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care, 2015/16

**Social care**

6.01 Percentage of people providing one hour or more of unpaid care per week, 2011 (Modelled) 6.02 Percentage of unpaid carers providing 20 hours or more care per week, 2011 (Modelled) 6.03 Percentage of working age people claiming Carers Allowance, February 2016 (Modelled) 6.04 Carers (known to adult social care), rate per 1,000 population, 1st December 2014 to 30th November 2015 (Modelled) 6.05 Percentage of carers (known to adult social care) who receive a service, 1st December 2014 to 30th November 2015 (Modelled) 6.06 Carers who receive self-directed support, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 1st December 2014 to 30th November 2015 (Modelled) 6.07 Referrals to children’s social care, rate per 1,000 population aged under 18 years, February 2015 - January 2016 (Modelled) 6.09 Looked after children (LAC), rate per 1,000 population aged under 18 years, 31 March 2016 (Modelled) 6.10 Requests for support from adult social cares, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, 1st December 2014 to 30th November 2015 (Modelled) 6.11 Adults who receive direct payments, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, as at 30th June 2016 (Modelled) 6.12 Adults who receive self-directed support, rate per 1,000 population aged 18 years and over, as at 30th June 2016 (Modelled) 6.13 Persons aged 18-64 years receiving community based services (Long Term Support), rate per 1,000 population, 1st July 2015 to 30th June 2016 (Modelled) 6.14 Persons aged 65 years and over receiving community based services (Long Term Support), rate per 1,000 population, 1st July 2015 to 30th June 2016 (Modelled) 6.15 Persons aged 18 years and over who have received community equipment in the year, rate per 1,000 population, 1st April 2015 to 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 6.16 Persons aged 18 years and over currently receiving adult social care funded lifeline or telecare, rate per 1,000 population, 1st April 2015 to 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 6.17 Persons aged 18 years and over currently receiving adult social care funded lifeline or telecare, rate per 1,000 population, 1st April 2015 to 31st March 2016 (Modelled) 6.18 Persons aged 65 years and over discharged from hospital to intermediate care, rate per 1,000 population, 1st September 2014 to 31st August 2015 (Modelled) 6.19 Persons aged 18 years and over in council supported residential or nursing care, rate per 100,000 population, 30th June 2016 (Modelled)